



## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

**Name:** DRY WASH II

### **Emergency and First Aid Procedures:**

**SKIN:** Immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Call physician if irritation develops and persists. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

**EYE CONTACT:** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses, if worn. Get medical attention.

**INHALATION:** Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

**INGESTION:** If large quantities of this material are swallowed, call a physician immediately. Do **NOT** induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention.

### **VI. REACTIVITY DATA:**

**Stability:** Stable.      **Hazardous Polymerization:** Will not occur.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Avoid heat, flames, sparks, and other sources of ignition.

**Incompatibility (materials to avoid):** Keep away from strong oxidizers, strong acids, nitrates, strong alkalis, acetaldehyde, chlorine, ethylene oxide, and isocyanates.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Thermal decomposition products may include oxides of carbon.

### **VII. SAFE HANDLING AND USE:**

**Spill Procedures:** Eliminate ignition sources. Electrically ground equipment when handling this product. Contain spill with dikes of soil or nonflammable absorbent to minimize contaminated area. Water fog stream may reduce vapors. If fire potential exists, blanket spill with alcohol type aqueous film-forming foam or use water fog stream to disperse vapors. Avoid run-off into storm sewers and ditches leading to waterways. If required, notify state and local authorities. Place leaking containers in well-ventilated area. Clean up small spills by using a nonflammable absorbent or flushing sparingly with water. Clean up by sweeping. Keep unnecessary people away. Stay upwind – keep out of low areas. Material creates a special hazard because it floats on water. Evacuate downwind areas as conditions warrant preventing exposure and allowing vapors or fumes to dissipate. Most vapors are heavier than air and will spread along the ground and collected in confined areas (sewers, basements, and tanks).

**Waste Disposal:** Dispose of all material in accordance federal, state, and local regulations.

### **VIII. SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION:**

**Respiratory Protection:** If the exposure limit is exceeded, a full facepiece respirator with organic vapor cartridge may be worn up to 50x the exposure limit or the maximum use concentration specified by the appropriate regulatory agency or respirator supplier, whichever is lowest. For emergencies or instances where the exposure levels are not know, use a full facepiece positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator. **WARNING:** Air purifying respirators do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.

**Skin Protection:** Wear impervious clothing and gloves to prevent contact. Butyl rubber or nitrile gloves are recommended. If other chemicals are used in conjunction with this chemical, material selection should be based on protection for all chemicals present. A safety shower should be available.

**Eye Protection:** Wear chemical goggles when there is a chance of eye contact. A safety eyewash should be available.

**Ventilation:** General or dilution ventilation is frequently insufficient as the sole means of controlling exposure. Local ventilation is preferred.

### **IX. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS:**

**Handling and Storage:** Protect against physical damage. Store in a cool, well-ventilated location, away from any area where the fire hazard may be acute. Separate from incompatibles. Containers should be bonded and grounded for transfers to avoid static sparks. Storage and use areas should be No Smoking areas. Use non-sparking type tools and equipment, including explosion proof ventilation. Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product residues (vapors, liquid). Do NOT attempt to clean empty containers since residue is difficult to remove. Do not expose containers to heat, sparks, flame, static electricity or other sources of ignition.

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